REGULATION OF THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATION
AND DIGITAL AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
NUMBER 14 OF 2025
ON
SPECIFIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS FOR OWN PURPOSES

BY THE GRACE OF ALMIGHTY GOD

THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS AND DIGITAL AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

Considering : a. that under the provisions of Article 16 paragraph (2) of Government Regulation Number 46 of 2021 on Posts, Telecommunications, and Broadcasting, the Ministry of Communications and Digital Affairs needs to regulate the Specific Telecommunication Operation for own purposes that are carried out for the purposes of individuals, government agencies, specific agencies, or legal entities;

b. that the provisions for the operation of specific telecommunications regulated in the Regulation of the Minister of Communications and Informatics Number 12 of 2018 on Operation of Specific Telecommunications for the purposes of Government Agencies or Legal Entities are no longer in accordance with the development of the operation of specific telecommunications, so they need to be replaced;

c. that based on the considerations as referred to in paragraphs a and b, it is necessary to issue the Regulation of the Minister of Communications and Digital Affairs on Specific Telecommunications for Own Purposes;

Having regard to : 1. Article 17 paragraph (3) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;

2. Law Number 36 of 1999 on Telecommunications (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 154 Year 1999, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3881) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette

of the Republic of Indonesia Number 41 Year 2023, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);

3. Law Number 39 of 2008 on State Ministries (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 166 Year 2008, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4916) as amended by Law Number 61 of 2024 on Amendment to Law Number 39 of 2008 on State Ministries (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 225 Year 2024, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6994);
4. Government Regulation Number 52 of 2000 on Operation of Telecommunications (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 107 Year 2000, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3980);
5. Government Regulation Number 46 of 2021 on Posts, Telecommunications, and Broadcasting (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 56 Year 2021, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6658);
6. Presidential Regulation Number 174 of 2024 on the Ministry of Communications and Digital Affairs (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 370 Year 2024);
7. Regulation of the Minister of Communications and Digital Affairs Number 1 of 2025 on Organization and Work Procedures of the Ministry of Communications and Digital Affairs (Official Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2025 Number 17);

HEREBY DECIDES:

To issue : REGULATION OF THE MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS AND DIGITAL AFFAIRS ON SPECIFIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS FOR OWN PURPOSES.

CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

In this Ministerial Regulation:

1. Telecommunication means any transmission, sending and/or reception of any kind of sign, image, sound and information in any form by means of a wire, optical, radio or other electromagnetic systems.
2. Telecommunication Equipment means every equipment used in telecommunication.
3. Telecommunication Device means a set of Telecommunication Equipment that enables telecommunication.
4. Telecommunication Network means a series of Telecommunication Devices and their equipment used in telecommunications.

5. Telecommunication Service means a Telecommunication service to meet the needs of telecommunication using the Telecommunication Network.
6. Specific Telecommunication Operation means the operation of Telecommunications that are of a specific nature, designation, and operation.
7. Service Area means the service coverage of radio stations for Very High Frequency and Ultra High Frequency frequencies in one (1) province and/or the service coverage of radio stations for High Frequency radio frequencies of more than one (1) province.
8. Electronic Integrated Business Licensing System (Online Single Submission) hereinafter referred to as the OSS System, means an integrated electronic system managed and organized by an OSS institution for the operation of risk-based business licensing.
9. Operational Feasibility Test means a technical and operational testing of the system in compliance with the minimum standards for the operation of Telecommunications.
10. Minister means the minister administering government affairs in the field of communications and informatics.
11. Director General means the Director General of Digital Infrastructure.
12. Directorate General means the Directorate General of Digital Infrastructure.

Article 2

The specific telecommunications for own purposes are implemented for the purposes of:

a. individual;
b. government agencies;
c. specific service; or
d. legal entities.

CHAPTER II
SPECIFIC TELECOMMUNICATION OPERATION FOR OWN PURPOSES

Division One
Specific Telecommunication Operation for Individual Purposes

Article 3

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for individual purposes as referred to in Article 2 subparagraph a includes:
    a. amateur radio; and
    b. citizen radio.
(2) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for amateur radio and citizen radio as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations on amateur radio activities and citizen radio.

Division Two
Specific Telecommunication Operation for the Purposes of Government Agencies

Article 4

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in Article 2 subparagraph b is carried out by the government agencies to support government activities.
(2) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies may be carried out in the following circumstances:
    a. the purposes need not be met by the Telecommunication Network operator and/or the Telecommunication Service provider;
    b. the location of the activity has not been reached by the Telecommunication Network operator and/or the Telecommunication Service provider; and/or
    c. the activities require a separate and private Telecommunication Network.

Division Three
Specific Telecommunication Operation for the Purposes of Specific Services

Article 5

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of specific services as referred to in Article 2 subparagraph c is carried out by the government agencies to support the activities of the relevant services.
(2) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of specific services as referred to in paragraph (1) is in the form of the following communication system:
    a. astronomy;
    b. search and rescue;
    c. radio frequency spectrum monitors;
    d. flight safety, including flight navigation;
    e. maritime safety, including maritime navigation;
    f. meteorology and geophysics;
    g. remote sensing; and/or
    h. other communication systems that support specific service activities.

Division Four
Specific Telecommunication Operation for the Purposes of Legal Entities

Article 6

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of legal entities as referred to in Article 2 subparagraph d is carried out by the legal entities to support their activities and/or businesses.
(2) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of legal entities may be carried out in the following cases:

a. the purposes fail to be met by the Telecommunication Network operator and/or the Telecommunication Service provider;
b. the location of the activity has not been reached by the Telecommunication Network operator and/or the Telecommunication Service provider; and/or
c. the activities require an independent and separate Telecommunication Network.

CHAPTER III
TRANSMISSION MEDIA FOR THE SPECIFIC TELECOMMUNICATION OPERATION FOR OWN PURPOSES

Article 7

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for own purposes as referred to in Article 2 is carried out through transmission media.
(2) The transmission media for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for own purposes as referred to in paragraph (1) uses the following system:
a. wire;
b. optics;
c. radio; and/or
d. other electromagnetic.

Article 8

(1) Specific Telecommunications operators who use wire systems and/or optical systems as referred to in Article 7 paragraph (2) subparagraphs a and b must build and use transmission media whose service area includes:
a. one (1) location; or
b. between locations.
(2) The one (1) location as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a is in the form of:
a. one (1) building; or
b. several buildings in one (1) area controlled by a specific Telecommunication operator as evidenced by documents proving control and/or ownership of the said location.

Article 9

(1) A specific Telecommunication operator that uses a radio system as referred to in Article 7 paragraph (2) subparagraph c is the use of the radio frequency spectrum for purposes consisting of:
a. conventional radio communication system;
b. radio trunking communication system;
c. microwave link radio communication system; and/or
d. satellite communication system.
(2) The conventional radio communication system as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a are radio communications that may be used for voice and/or data communication consisting of:
a. point-to-point radio communication system; and
b. point to multi-points radio communication system.

(3) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for own purposes that uses conventional radio communication system as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a consists of:
   a. a maximum of four (4) radio frequency channels in one (1) Service Area; and
   b. more than four (4) radio frequency channels within one (1) Service Area.

(4) The radio trunking communication system as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b is a land mobile radio communication in the form of duplex communication that allows each user to gain access to radio frequency channels automatically.

(5) The microwave link communication system as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph c is a data communication between microwave link radio stations of a relay radio system above 1 GHz (one gigahertz) between radio stations located at a fixed point.

(6) The satellite communication system as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph d is a Specific Telecommunication Operation activity for own purposes that uses its own satellites.

Article 10

The Specific Telecommunication Operation using other electromagnetic systems as referred to in Article 7 paragraph (2) subparagraph d may only be submitted following a decision from the Minister.

CHAPTER IV
SPECIFIC TELECOMMUNICATION OPERATION LICENSE FOR OWN PURPOSES

Division One
General

Article 11

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operation for own purposes must obtain a Specific Telecommunication Operation License from the Minister.

(2) The provisions as referred to in paragraph (1) are excluded for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for own purposes that use wire systems and/or optical systems with service areas in one (1) location as referred to in Article 8 paragraph (1) subparagraph a.

(3) The Specific Telecommunication Operation as referred to in paragraph (2) shall use Telecommunication Equipment and/or Telecommunication Devices that have certificates in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 12

The Specific Telecommunication Operation License for own purposes that uses a conventional radio communication system with a maximum of four (4) radio frequency channels in one (1) Service Area as referred to in Article 9 paragraph (3)

subparagraph a is granted in the form of an apparatus license in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Division Two
Specific Telecommunication Operation License
for Individual Purposes

Article 13

(1) A Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of individual amateur radio as referred to in Article 3 paragraph (1) subparagraph a is in the form of amateur radio licenses.
(2) The Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the personal purpose of citizen radio as referred to in Article 3 paragraph (1) subparagraph b is in the form of a citizen radio license.
(3) The application for an amateur radio license as referred to in paragraph (1) and a citizen radio license as referred to in paragraph (2) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations on amateur radio and citizen radio activities.

Division Three
Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the
Purposes of Government Agencies

Article 14

Specific Telecommunication Operational Licensing for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in Article 4 paragraph (1) is granted through the following stages:
a. principle permit;
b. Operational Feasibility Test; and
c. Operation License.

Article 15

(1) The application for a principle permit for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in Article 14 subparagraph a is submitted to the Minister.
(2) The application for a principle permit as referred to in paragraph (1) is submitted with the completeness of the requirements of the Specific Telecommunications Operation plan document which contains:
    a. the objectives, purposes, and reasons for building a specific Telecommunications;
    b. the transmission media of the Specific Telecommunication Operation and the configuration of the specific Telecommunication Network system and technology to be built;
    c. service area coverage data;
    d. organizational structure and legal basis for the establishment of government agencies in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations; and
    e. a statement stating:

1. all contents in the application for a valid and correct operational principle permit;
2. to reinstate the Operation License in the event that a specific Telecommunication Network is no longer required; and
3. to comply with the integrity pact related to the commitment to anti-collusion practices, corruption, and nepotism in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

(3) The Directorate General evaluates the application for a principle permit for the Specific Telecommunications Operation for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in paragraph (1) no later than one (1) working day from the time the application is received in full.

(4) The Minister issues a principle permit for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies that meet the requirements based on the results of the evaluation as referred to in paragraph (3).

(5) Where the results of the evaluation of the application for a specific telecommunications operational principle permit for the purposes of government agencies are declared to not meet the requirements, the Minister submits a point of rejection.

(6) The applications for a principle permit that have been rejected as referred to in paragraph (5) may be resubmitted.

(7) The principle permit for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in paragraph (4) has a validity period of one (1) year and may be extended a maximum of one (1) time.

(8) During the validity period of the principle permit for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in paragraph (7), the holder of the principle permit must:
   a. build and prepare facilities and infrastructure for Specific Telecommunication Operation;
   b. obtain an apparatus license in the case of using the radio frequency spectrum; and
   c. obtain a copy of the excavation license from the relevant ministry or local government in the case of building optics that cross public roads.

(9) The holders of principle permit as referred to in paragraph (8) shall not carry out Specific Telecommunications Operation activities for the purposes of government agencies before obtaining a Specific Telecommunications Operation License.

Article 16

(1) The application for an extension of the principle permit for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in Article 15 paragraph (7) is submitted to the Minister accompanied by the reason for extending the principle permit.

(2) The application for the extension of the principle permit for the Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in paragraph (1) is submitted no later than fifteen (15) workdays before the expiration of the validity period of the principle permit.

(3) The government agencies that have obtained a principle permit and/or extension of a principle permit need not to apply for a new principle permit for one (1) year from the expiration of the validity period of the principle permit and/or the extension of the principle permit.

(4) Where the principle permit and/or extension of the principle permit is revoked or expires, the apparatus license related to the Specific Telecommunications Operation as referred to in Article 15 paragraph (8) subparagraph b is revoked in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 17

(1) The application for the Operational Feasibility Test as referred to in Article 14 subparagraph b and the Operation License as referred to in Article 14 subparagraph c is submitted by a government agency that has held a principle permit to the Minister.

(2) The submission of the application for the Operational Feasibility Test and the Operation License as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by including the following required documents:
   a. configuration of specific Telecommunication Network systems and technology as a result of development;
   b. list and certificate of Telecommunication Equipment and/or Telecommunication Equipment used;
   c. proof of ownership of the device;
   d. a copy of the apparatus license in the case of using the radio frequency spectrum; and
   e. a copy of the excavation license from the relevant ministry or local government in the case of constructing optics that cross public roads.

(3) The application for the Operational Feasibility Test and Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in paragraph (1) is submitted no later than fifteen (15) workdays before the validity period of the Specific Telecommunications Operational principle permit for the purposes of government agencies ends.

Article 18

(1) The Director General evaluates the application documents for the Operational Feasibility Test and Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in Article 17 no later than three (3) workdays from the date of receipt of the application.

(2) Where the application is declared incomplete, the Director General informs the applicant to complete the requirements.

(3) The operation of the Operational Feasibility Test may be carried out in the event that based on the results of the evaluation as referred to in paragraph (1), the application document is declared to meet the requirements.

Article 19

(1) The Operational Feasibility Test as referred to in Article 18 paragraph (3) is carried out through the random sampling test method and/or the self-assessment method.
(2) The random sampling test as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by the Director General at the location submitted in the application.
(3) The self-assessment as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out for all locations of the construction of specific telecommunication systems.
(4) The Director General evaluates the results of the self-assessment as referred to in paragraph (3).

Article 20

(1) The Minister issues a certificate of operational feasibility no later than one (1) work day after the principle permit holder is declared to have passed the Operational Feasibility Test.
(2) The Minister issues a Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of government agencies no later than one (1) work day after the issuance of the certificate of operational feasibility as referred to in paragraph (1).

Article 21

The Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of government agencies is valid indefinitely as long as the specific Telecommunication operator meets the provisions of laws and regulations.

Division Four
Specific Telecommunication Operation License
for the Purposes of Specific Services

Article 22

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of specific services as referred to in Article 5 paragraph (1) is granted to:
    a. specific services that use radio systems; and
    b. specific services that use other than radio systems.
(2) The Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of specific services that use radio systems as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a are granted in the form of apparatus licenses in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
(3) The Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of specific services that use other than the radio system as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b is carried out through the following stages:

a. Operational Feasibility Test; and
b. Operation Licenses.

Article 23

(1) The application for the Operational Feasibility Test as referred to in Article 22 paragraph (3) subparagraph a and the Operation License as referred to in Article 22 paragraph (3) subparagraph b is submitted to the Minister.
(2) The submission of an application for the Operational Feasibility Test and the Operation License as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by including document requirements that contain:
    a. the objectives, purposes, and reasons for building a specific Telecommunications;
    b. transmission media for Specific Telecommunication Operation and network configuration as a result of development;
    c. service area coverage data;
    d. list and certificate of Telecommunication Equipment and/or Telecommunication Equipment used;
    e. proof of ownership of the device;
    f. a copy of the excavation license from the relevant local government/ministry in the case of building optics that cross public roads;
    g. the organizational structure and legal basis for the establishment of the specific service in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations; and
    h. a statement stating:
        1. all the contents in the application for a valid and correct operating license;
        2. to reinstate the operating license in the event that a specific Telecommunication Network is no longer required; and
        3. to comply with the integrity pact related to the commitment to anti-collusion practices, corruption, and nepotism in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 24

The provisions on the Operational Feasibility Test and Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of government agencies as referred to in Articles 18 to 20 apply mutatis mutandis to the Operational Feasibility Test and Specific Telecommunication Operation License for the purposes of specific services that use other than radio systems.

Article 25

The Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of specific services that use other than the radio system is valid indefinitely as long as the specific Telecommunication Operator meets the provisions of laws and regulations.

Division Five
Specific Telecommunication Operation License
for the Purposes of Legal Entities

Article 26

(1) The application for a Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of legal entities as referred to in Article 6 is made through the OSS System.
(2) Provisions on the application for a Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of legal entities through the OSS System as referred to in paragraph (1) are implemented in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Division Six
License Change

Article 27

(1) Specific telecommunication operators for the purposes of government agencies and specific telecommunication operators for the purposes of specific services that use other than radio systems may apply for a change in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license.
(2) The changes to the Specific Telecommunication Operation license as referred to in paragraph (1) may be in the form of:
    a. changes in the coverage of the service area;
    b. changes in the transmission media of Specific Telecommunication Operation; and/or
    c. changes of the name of a specific Telecommunication operator.
(3) The application for change of the Specific Telecommunication Operation license as referred to in paragraph (1) is submitted to the Minister.

Article 28

(1) The application for a change in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in the coverage of the Specific Telecommunication Operation service area as referred to in Article 27 paragraph (2) subparagraph a is submitted by completing the following required documents:
    a. configuration of specific Telecommunication Network systems and technologies to be built;
    b. the latest data on the coverage of the Specific Telecommunication Operation service area; and
    c. a list of devices, proof of ownership of the device, and certificates of Telecommunication Equipment and/or Telecommunication Devices used according to the coverage of the service area to be added.
(2) The Director General evaluates the application for a change in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in the coverage of the Specific Telecommunication Operation service area as referred to in paragraph (1) no later than three (3) work from the time the application is received in full.

(3) The Minister issues the change to the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the event that based on the results of the evaluation of the application, it is declared to meet the requirements.

Article 29

(1) The application for a change in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in the transmission media of the Specific Telecommunication Operation as referred to in Article 27 paragraph (2) subparagraph b is submitted by completing the following required documents:
   a. configuration of specific Telecommunication Network systems and technologies to be built;
   b. the latest data on the coverage of the Specific Telecommunication Operation service area;
   c. a list of devices, proof of ownership of devices, and certificates of Telecommunication Equipment and/or Telecommunication Devices used according to the transmission media of the Specific Telecommunication Operation to be added;
   d. a copy of the apparatus license in the case of using the radio frequency spectrum; and
   e. a copy of the excavation license from the relevant local government/ministry in the case of building optics that cross the public road.

(2) The Director General evaluates the application for modification of the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in the transmission media of the Specific Telecommunication Operation as referred to in paragraph (1) no later than three (3) workdays from the date the application is received in full.

(3) Where based on the results of the evaluation as referred to in paragraph (2) the application and the required documents are declared complete, the Telecommunication operator specifically for the purposes of government agencies and the specific Telecommunication operator for the purpose of specific services that use other than the radio system shall submit an application for the Operational Feasibility Test to the Minister through the Director General.

(4) The provisions on the application for the Operational Feasibility Test as referred to in Articles 19 and 20 apply mutatis mutandis to the provisions on the application for the Operational Feasibility Test to change the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in transmission media submitted by a specific Telecommunication operator for the purposes of government agencies.

(5) The provisions on the application for the Operational Feasibility Test as referred to in Article 24 apply mutatis mutandis to the provisions on the application for the Operational Feasibility Test for the change of specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in transmission media submitted by a specific

Telecommunication operator for the purposes of specific services that use other than the radio system.

(6) The Minister issues the change in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the event that the Operational Feasibility Test is declared operational.

Article 30

(1) The application for a change in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in the name of a specific Telecommunication operator as referred to in Article 27 paragraph (2) subparagraph c is submitted by attaching supporting evidence documents in the form of a legal basis for changing the name of a government agency or changing the name of a specific service that uses other than the radio system.

(2) The Director General evaluates the application for a change in the Specific Telecommunication Operator license in the form of a change in the name of the specific Telecommunications operator as referred to in paragraph (1) no later than three (3) workdays after the application is received in full.

(3) The Minister issues a change in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the form of a change in the name of the Specific Telecommunication operator in the event that based on the results of the evaluation of the application, it is declared to meet the requirements.

Division Seven
Return of Licenses

Article 31

(1) The Specific Telecommunication Operators for the purposes of government agencies and Specific Telecommunications Operators for specific service purposes that use other than radio systems may apply for the return of Specific Telecommunication Operation license to the Minister.

(2) The return of the Specific Telecommunication Operation license as referred to in paragraph (1) results in the revocation of:
   a. Specific Telecommunication Operation license;
   b. the apparatus license; and
   c. other rights attached to the Specific Telecommunication Operation license.

Division Eight
Revocation of Licenses

Article 32

(1) The Minister stipulates the revocation of the Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of government agencies and the Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of specific services that

use other than the radio system in the case that the operator:

a. returns the Specific Telecommunications Operation license; or
b. violates and/or fails to fulfil its obligations in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

(2) The revocation of the license as referred to in paragraph (1) does not eliminate other obligations of the specific Telecommunication operator which is a state receivable.

CHAPTER V
OBLIGATIONS AND PROHIBITIONS OF SPECIFIC TELECOMMUNICATION OPERATION FOR OWN PURPOSES

Article 33

(1) A specific Telecommunication Operator for own purposes shall:

a. provide specific Telecommunications according to the scope of the service area listed in the Specific Telecommunication Operation license;
b. comply with the conditions for the use of the radio frequency spectrum in the case of using radio systems;
c. use Telecommunication Equipment and/or Telecommunication Devices that has been certified;
d. provide Telecommunication service assistance, in the event of a dangerous situation in the area covered by the Specific Telecommunication Operation area;
e. submit a report on the Specific Telecommunication Operation for specific telecommunication operators other than those referred to in Article 11 paragraph (2) and Article 12;
f. return the Specific Telecommunication Operation license in the case of the Specific Telecommunication Operation other than those referred to in Article 11 paragraph (2) and Article 12 is no longer required; and
g. fulfil other obligations in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

(2) The specific Telecommunication Operators shall not:

a. operate Telecommunications outside its designation;
b. connect or interconnect with other Telecommunication Networks; and
c. charge fees in any form for its use and/or operation, except for specific telecommunications related to international provisions that have been ratified in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 34

(1) In addition to carrying out the obligations as referred to in Article 33 paragraph (1), the Specific Telecommunication Operator shall provide Telecommunication service assistance in the event of a disaster as evidenced by official

information from the central/local government in its service area.

(2) The telecommunication service assistance as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out to:
   a. early warning;
   b. command and control of disaster emergency response; and/or
   c. deliver news and/or information to the local community in a disaster emergency response.

(3) The use of telecommunication service assistance as referred to in paragraph (2) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

CHAPTER VI
SUPERVISION AND CONTROL

Division One
General

Article 35

(1) Supervision and control of the Specific Telecommunication Operation for own purposes as referred to in Article 11 is carried out by the Minister through the Director General.

(2) The supervision and control as referred to in paragraph (1) includes:
   a. monitoring and evaluation of the fulfilment of the provisions of the Specific Telecommunication Operation; and
   b. the imposition of administrative sanctions for violations by specific Telecommunication operators.

(3) The evaluation as referred to in paragraph (2) subparagraph a consists of:
   a. annual evaluation; and/or
   b. five (5) year thorough evaluation.

Division Two
Sanctions

Article 36

(1) Violations of the provisions as referred to in Article 11 paragraph (1), Article 33 paragraph (1) subparagraphs a, b, and c are imposed with sanctions in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

(2) Violations of the provisions as referred to in Article 33 paragraph (1) subparagraphs d, e, g, and Article 34 paragraph (1) are imposed with administrative sanctions.

(3) The administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2) are in the form of:
   a. written warning;
   b. suspension; and/or
   c. revocation of the Specific Telecommunication Operation license.

Article 37

Violation of the provisions as referred to in Article 33 paragraph (2) is imposed with administrative sanctions in the form of:

a. written warning; and
b. revocation of the Specific Telecommunication Operation license.

Article 38

The written warning as referred to in Article 36 paragraph (3) subparagraph a and/or Article 37 subparagraph a is given a maximum of three (3) times with a period of seven (7) workdays respectively.

CHAPTER VII
TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Article 39

Upon the entry into force of this Ministerial Regulation:

a. Specific Telecommunication Operation Licenses that have been obtained before this Ministerial Regulation enter into force are declared to remain valid as long as the specific Telecommunication Operator complies with the provisions of laws and regulations; and
b. The Specific Telecommunication Operation for the purposes of specific services that have operated specific telecommunications using systems other than radio systems shall apply for a Specific Telecommunication Operation license for the purposes of specific services no later than two (2) years as of this Ministerial Regulation enters into force.

CHAPTER VIII
CLOSING PROVISIONS

Article 40

Upon the entry into force of this Ministerial Regulation, the Regulation of the Minister of Communication and Information Technology Number 12 of 2018 on Specific Telecommunication Operation for the Purposes of Government Agencies or Legal Entities (Official Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2018 Number 1332), is repealed and declared no longer in force.

Article 41

This Ministerial Regulation shall enter into force on the date of its promulgation.

In order that every person may know hereof about it, order the promulgation of this Ministerial Regulation by placing it in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia.

Issued in Jakarta
on 23 May, 2025

MINISTER OF COMMUNICATION AND DIGITAL AFFAIRS
OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

signed

MEUTYA VIADA HAFID

Promulgated in Jakarta
on 4 June 2025

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF LEGISLATION
OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

signed

DHAHANA PUTRA

OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA YEAR 2025 NUMBER 390

Jakarta, 5 November 2026
DIRECTOR GENERAL OF LEGISLATION
FOR THE MINISTER OF LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

DHAHANA PUTRA

Official Translation Notice:
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