REGULATION OF THE REGENCY OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI
NUMBER 1 OF 2025
ON
THE ADMINISTRATION OF BUSINESS LICENSING IN THE REGION

BY THE GRACE OF ALMIGHTY GOD

THE REGENT OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI,

Having considered :

a. that the Local Government is responsible for efforts to improve the economy and welfare of the community in line with the objectives of the state;
b. that in order to improve the investment ecosystem and business activities and maintain the quality of accountable licensing, it is necessary to support the implementation of business licensing in the region that is fast, easy, integrated, transparent, efficient, effective, and accountable;
c. that under the provisions of Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law, the provisions of Government Regulation Number 5 of 2021 on Administration of Risk-Based Business Licensing, and the provisions of Government Regulation Number 6 of 2021 on Administration of Business Licensing inRegions, and in order to ensure legal certainty and business certainty as well as a basis for controlling the implementation of business licensing, regulations on business licensing in the regions are required;
d. that based on the considerations as referred to in paragraphs a, b, and c, it is necessary to issue a Regional Regulation on Administrationof Business Licensing in the Region;

Having regard to :

1. Article 18 paragraph (6) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;
2. Law Number 27 of 1959 on Enactment of Emergency Law Number 3 of 1953 on Extension of Establishment of Level II Regions in Kalimantan (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 1953 Number 9), as Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 1959 Number 72, Supplement to the State Gazette of the

Republic of Indonesia Number 1820) as amended as repeatedly amended and most recently amended by Law Number 8 of 1965 on Establishment of Level II Regions of Tanah Laut, Level II Regions of Tapin, and Level II Regions of Tabalong by amending Law Number 27 of 1959 on Enactment of Emergency Law Number 3 of 1953 on Extension of Establishment of Level II Regions in Kalimantan (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 1965 Number 51, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 2756);

3. Law Number 25 of 2007 on Investment (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2007 Number 67, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4724) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
4. Law Number 26 of 2007 on Spatial Planning (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2007 Number 68, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4725) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
5. Law Number 10 of 2009 on Tourism (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2009 Number 11, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4966) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
6. Law Number 18 of 2009 on Animal Husbandry and Health (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2009 Number 84, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5015) as repeatedly amended and most recently amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
7. Law Number 22 of 2009 on Road Traffic and Transportation (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2009 Number 96, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5025) as

amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);

8. Law Number 25 of 2009 on Public Services (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2009 Number 112, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5038);
9. Law Number 32 of 2009 on Environmental Protection and Management (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2009 Number 140, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5059) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
10. Law Number 13 of 2010 on Horticulture (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2010 Number 132, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5170) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
11. Law Number 3 of 2014 on Industrial Affairs (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2014 Number 4, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5492) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
12. Law Number 7 of 2014 on Trade (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2014 Number 45, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5512) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
13. Law Number 23 of 2014 on Local Governments (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2014 Number 244, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5587) as repeatedly amended and most recently amended by Law Number 6 Year 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation

in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);

14. Law Number 30 of 2014 on Government Administration (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2014 Number 292, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5601) as repeatedly amended and most recently amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
15. Law Number 39 of 2014 on Plantations (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2014 Number 308, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5613) as amended by Law Number 6 of 2023 on Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
16. Government Regulation Number 96 of 2012 on Implementation of Law Number 25 of 2009 on Public Services (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2012 Number 215, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5357);
17. Government Regulation Number 18 of 2016 on Regional Apparatuses (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2016 Number 114, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5888) as amended by Government Regulation Number 72 of 2019 on Amendment to Government Regulation Number 18 of 2016 on Regional Apparatuses (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2019 Number 187, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6402);
18. Government Regulation Number 5 of 2021 on Administration of Risk-Based Business Licensing (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 15, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6617);
19. Government Regulation Number 6 of 2021 on Administration of Business Licensing in Regions (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 16, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6618);
20. Government Regulation Number 7 of 2021 on Ease, Protection, and Empowerment of Cooperatives and Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 17,

Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6619);

21. Government Regulation Number 16 of 2021 on Implementing Regulations of Law Number 28 of 2002 on Buildings (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 26, Supplement to the State Gazette Number 6628);
22. Government Regulation Number 21 of 2021 on Spatial Planning (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 31, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6633);
23. Government Regulation Number 22 of 2021 on Adminstration of Environmental Protection and Management (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 32, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6634);
24. Government Regulation Number 23 of 2021 on Forestry Management (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 33, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6635);
25. Government Regulation Number 28 of 2021 on Administration of Industrial Sector (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 38, Supplement to the State Gazette Number 6640) as amended by Government Regulation Number 46 of 2023 on Amendment to Government Regulation Number 28 of 2021 on Adminstration of Industrial Sector (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 119, Supplement to the State Gazette Number 6891);
26. Government Regulation Number 29 of 2021 on Adminstration of Trade Sector (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 29, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6641);
27. Government Regulation Number 30 of 2021 on Administration of Road Traffic and Transportation (State Gazette Year 2021 Number 40, Supplement to the State Gazette Number 6642);
28. Government Regulation Number 35 of 2023 on General Provisions on Local Taxes and Local Levies (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2023 Number 85, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6881);
29. Presidential Regulation Number 16 of 2012 on General Investment Plan (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2012 Number 42);
30. Presidential Regulation Number 44 of 2016 on List of Closed Business Fields and Open Business Fields with Requirements in Investment Sector (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2016 Number 97);
31. Presidential Regulation Number 97 of 2014 on Adminstration of One-Stop Integrated Services (State

Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2014 Number 221);

32 Presidential Regulation Number 91 of 2017 on Acceleration of Business Implementation (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2017 Number 210);

33. Presidential Regulation Number 10 of 2021 on Investment Business Fields (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 61) as amended by Presidential Regulation Number 49 of 2021 on Amendment to Presidential Regulation Number 10 of 2021 on Investment Business Fields (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 128);

34. Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs Number 138 of 2017 on Adminstration of Regional One-Stop Integrated Services (Official Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2017 Number 1956);

35. Regulation of the Minister of Home Affairs Number 25 of 2021 on Office of Investment and Integrated One-Stop Services (Official Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 885);

36. Regulation of the Investment Coordinating Board Number 3 of 2021 on Integrated Electronic Risk-Based Business Licensing System (Official Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 271);

37. Regulation of the Investment Coordinating Board Number 4 of 2021 on Guidelines and Procedures for Risk-Based Business Licensing Services and Investment Facilities (State Bulletin of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 272);

38. Regulation of Investment Coordinating Board Number 5 of 2021 on Guidelines and Procedures for Supervision of Risk-Based Business Licensing (Official Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Year 2021 Number 273);

39. Regulation of the Regency of South Hulu Sungai Number 6 of 2020 on Establishment and Structure of Regional Apparatus (Regional Gazette of the Regency of South Hulu Sungai Year 2020 Number 6, Supplement to the Regional Gazette of the Regency of South Hulu Sungai Number 3);

With the Joint Approval of
THE REGIONAL HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE REGENCY OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI
and
THE REGENT OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI

DECIDES:

To enact : REGIONAL REGULATION ON THE IMPLEMENTATION ADMINSTRATION OF BUSINESS LICENSING IN THE REGION.

CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

In this Regional Regulation:

1. Region means the Regency of South Hulu Sungai.
2. Local Government means the Regent as the administering element of the local government who leads the implementation of government affairs under the authority of the Autonomous Region.
3. Regent means the Regent of South Hulu Sungai.
4. Regional Apparatus means an assisting element of the Regent and Regional House of Representatives in administering government affairs that fall under the authority of the Region.
5. Licensing means the issuance of documents and legal proof of approval from the government to an individual or business actor for a specific activity in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.
6. Risk means the potential for injury or loss from a hazard or a combination of the possibility and consequences of a hazard.
7. Business Licensing means the legality given to business actors to start and run their business and/or activities.
8. One-Stop Integrated Service (Pelayananan Terpadu Satu Pintu), hereinafter abbreviated as PTSP, means an integrated service in one unified process starting from the application stage to the completion stage of the one-stop integrated service product.
9. Implementation of Business Licensing in Region means a Business Licensing activity which is processed electronically from the application stage to the issuance of documents which is carried out in an integrated manner through one door.
10. Risk-Based Business Licensing means Business Licensing based on the level of risk of business activities.
11. OSS Institution means the Ministry of Investment and Downstreaming (BKPM) which manages and implements the Online Single Submission (OSS).
12. Electronically Integrated Business Licensing System (Online Single Submission), hereinafter referred to as the OSS System, means an integrated electronic system managed and organized by the Online Single Submission Institutions for the implementation of Risk-Based Business Licensing.
13. Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises, hereinafter referred to as MSME, are micro, small, and medium enterprises as referred to in the Law on Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises.
14. Micro and Small Enterprises, hereinafter referred to as MSEs, are micro and small enterprises as referred to in the Law on Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises.
15. Investment means all forms of investment activities, whether by domestic or foreign investors, to conduct business in the Regency of Sout Hulu Sungai.

16. Business Actor means an individual or business entity engaged in business and/or activities in an economic sector.
17. Permit means approval from the Central Government or Local Government for the implementation of business activities which shall be fulfilled by Business Actors before carrying out their business activities.
18. Business Identification Number (*Nomor Induk Berusaha*), hereinafter abbreviated to NIB, means proof of registration/registration of Business Actors to carry out business activities and as an identity for Business Actors in carrying out their business activities.
19. Standard Classification of Indonesian Business Fields (*Klasifikasi Baku Lapangan Usaha Indonesia*), hereinafter abbreviated to KBLI, is a classification code regulated by non-ministerial government institutions in charge of government affairs in the field of statistics.
20. Standard Certificate means a statement and/or proof of compliance with standards for implementing business activities.
21. Supervision means an effort to ensure that the implementation of business activities is in accordance with standards for the implementation of business activities carried out through a risk-based approach and obligations that shall be fulfilled by Business Actors.
22. Access Right means a permission or authority granted to perform certain actions on a system, object, or resource, such as reading, adding, modifying, or deleting data.
23. Civil Service (*Aparatur Sipil Negara*), hereinafter abbreviated as ASN, means a profession for civil servants and contract-based government employee who work in government agencies.
24. Regional Licensing Coordination Forum, hereinafter referred to as Licensing Coordination Forum, means a forum for coordinating licensing in the Region that involves community members and relevant stakeholders.
25. Norms, Standards, Procedures, and Criteria (*Norma, Standar, Prosedur, dan Kriteria*), hereinafter referred to as NSPK, means rules or provisions that serve as guidelines for local governments in implementing social welfare programs.
26. Day means a workday as determined by the central government.

Article 2

This Regional Regulation is implemented based on the principles of:

a. equality of rights;
b. transparency;
c. accountability;
d. legal certainty;
e. effectiveness and efficiency; and
f. independence.

Article 3

The Administration of Business Licensing in the Region is based on the following principles:

a. government accountability;
b. ease, accuracy, and precision;
c. open access to information;
d. certainty;
e. sustainability;
f. transparency;
g. participation; and
h. accountability.

Article 4

This Regional Regulation is intended to provide a basis of authority for the Local Government and legal certainty in the Administration of Business Licensing in the Region.

Article 5

This Regional Regulation aims to improve the investment ecosystem and business activities and to realize a fast, easy, transparent, certain, simple, affordable, professional, and integrity-based business licensing service process in the region, as well as to fulfill the rights and welfare of the community.

Article 6

The scope of this Regional Regulation includes:

a. the authority over the Administeration of Business Licensing in the Region;
b. the implementation of Business Licensing;
c. Risk-Based Business Licensing Control;
d. coordination;
e. Regional Licensing Coordination Forum;
f. reporting;
g. funding; and
h. administrative sanctions.

CHAPTER II
AUTHORITY OVER THE ADMINISTRATION OF BUSINESS LICENSING IN THE REGION

Division One
General

Article 7

(1) The Regent administers Business Licensing in the Region.
(2) The Administration of Business Licensing in the Region as referred to in paragraph (1) is delegated to the head of the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing.
(3) The delegation of authority by the Regent as referred to in paragraph (2) includes:
    a. the administration of Business Licensing that is the authority of the Local Government in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation; and

b. the administration of Business Licensing that is the authority of the central government delegated to the Regent based on the principle of assistance.

(4) Further provisions regarding the delegation of authority for the administration of Business Licensing to the head of the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing as referred to in paragraphs (2) and (3) are regulated by a Regent Regulation.

Article 8

(1) The implementation of Business Licensing is carried out to improve the investment ecosystem and business activities, through:
   a. the issuance of Business Licenses in a more effective and simplified manner; and
   b. transparent, structured, and accountable Supervision of business activities in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

(2) The improvement of the investment ecosystem and business activities as referred to in paragraph (1) includes:
   a. Risk-Based Business Licensing;
   b. basic requirements for Business Licensing; and
   c. Business Licensing for sectors and investment requirement facilities.

(3) In addition to the Business Licensing as referred to in paragraph (1), the Local Government may issue Licensing and non-licensing in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

(4) Further provisions regarding Licensing and non-Licensing as referred to in paragraph (2) are regulated by a Regent Regulation.

Division Two
Risk-Based Business Licensing

Subdivision 1
General

Article 9

(1) Risk-Based Business Licensing as referred to in Article 8 paragraph (2) subparagraph a is carried out based on the determination of the risk level and ranking of business activities, including MSMEs and/or large enterprises.

(2) The determination of the risk level as referred to in paragraph (1) is based on the results of a risk analysis.

(3) The risk analysis as referred to in paragraph (2) is carried out through:
   a. identification of business activities;
   b. assessment of the level of danger;
   c. assessment of the potential for hazards to occur;
   d. determination of risk levels and business scale rankings; and
   e. determination of the type of Business Licensing.

Article 10

(1) Risk-based business licensing in each sector as referred to in Article 8 paragraph (2) subparagraph c consists of:
   a. the relevant KBLI/KBLI code, KBLI title, scope of activities, risk parameters, risk level, Business Licensing, duration, validity period, and Business Licensing authority;
   b. requirements and/or obligations of Risk-Based Business Licensing;
   c. guidelines for Risk-Based Business Licensing; and
   d. business activity standards and/or product standards.

(2) The Risk-Based Business Licensing as referred to in paragraph (1) is implemented in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

Article 11

(1) Based on the assessment of the level of danger, the assessment of the potential for danger, the level of risk, and the business activity scale ranking as referred to in Article 9 paragraph (3) subparagraphs b, c, and d, business activities are classified into:
   a. business activities with a low-Risk level;
   b. business activities with a medium-Risk level; and
   c. business activities with a high-Risk level.

(3) Business activities with a medium risk level as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagpraph b are divided into:
   a. low-medium risk level; and
   b. high-medium risk level.

Article 12

(1) The assessment criteria as referred to in Article 11 paragraph (1) can be accessed in:
   a. the OSS System; and/or
   b. the assessment criteria guidebook.

(2) The assessment criteria guidebook as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b is compiled by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing.

(3) The Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing coordinates with the OSS Institution in the preparation of the assessment criteria guidebook as referred to in paragraph (2).

Subdivision 2
Business Activities with Low Risk Levels

Article 13

(1) Business Licensing for business activities with a low risk level as referred to in Article 11 paragraph (1) subparagraph a is in the form of a NIB.

(2) The NIB as referred to in paragraph (1) serves as:
   a. the identity of the Business Actor; and
   b. the legal status of the Business Actor to carry out business activities.

(3) The NIB as referred to in paragraph (1) for MSMEs also serves as:
   a. the Indonesian National Standard as referred to in regulations in the field of standardization and conformity assessment; and/or
   b. a halal guarantee statement as referred to in laws and regulation in the field of halal product guarantees.

Subdivision 3
Business Activities with Medium Risk Levels

Article 14

(1) Business Licensing for business activities with a low-medium risk level as referred to in Article 11 paragraph (2) subparagraph a, in the form of:
   a. NIB; and
   b. Standard Certificate.
(2) The Standard Certificate as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b is a legal document for carrying out business activities in the form of a statement by the Business Actor to meet business standards in order to carry out business activities granted through the OSS System.

Article 15

(1) Business Licensing for business activities with a medium-high risk level as referred to in Article 11 paragraph (2) subparagraph b, in the form of:
   a. NIB; and
   b. Standard Certificate.
(2) The Standard Certificate as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b is a Standard Certificate for the implementation of business activities issued by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing in accordance with its authority based on the results of verification of compliance with the standards for the implementation of business activities by Business Actors.
(3) After obtaining the NIB as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a, the Business Actor makes a statement through the OSS System to comply with the standards for the implementation of business activities in order to carry out business activities and the willingness to be verified by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing in accordance with its authority.
(4) Regarding the statement referred to in paragraph (3), the OSS Institution issues an unverified Standard Certificate.
(5) The unverified Standard Certificate as referred to in paragraph (4) serves as the basis for Business Actors to prepare for business activities.
(6) The NIB as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a and the verified Standard Certificate as referred to in paragraph (2) constitute a Business License for Business Actors to carry out operational and/or commercial business activities.

Subdivision 4
High-Risk Business Activities

Article 16

(1) Business Licensing for business activities with a high level of risk as referred to in Article 11 paragraph (1) subparagraph c are in the form of:
    a. NIB; and
    b. Permit.
(2) The Permit referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b is the approval of the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing for the implementation of business activities that shall be fulfilled by Business Actors before carrying out their business activities in the Region.
(3) Before obtaining the Permit as referred to in paragraph (2), Business Actors may use the NIB for business activity preparations.
(4) The NIB as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a and the Permit as referred to in paragraph (2) constitute Business Licensing for Business Actors to carry out operational and/or commercial business activities.
(5) Where business activities with a high level of risk that require compliance with business standards and/or product standards, the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing, in accordance with its authority, issues a Business Standard Certificate and a Product Standard Certificate based on the results of verification of compliance with the standards.

Division Three
Basic Requirements for Business Licensing

Article 17

(1) The basic requirements for Business Licensing as referred to in Article 8 paragraph (2) subparagraph b include:
    a. conformity of spatial utilization activities;
    b. environmental approval; and
    c. building approval and certificate of occupancy.
(2) The provisions regarding the basic requirements for Business Licensing as referred to in paragraph (1) are based on the provisions of laws and regulation.

Division Four
Business Licensing by Sector and Investment Facilitation Requirements

Article 18

(1) Business Licensing as referred to in Article 7 paragraph (1) consists of the following sectors:
    a. fisheries;
    b. agriculture;
    c. environment and forestry;

d. industry;
e. trade;
f. public works and public housing;
g. transportation;
h. health, medicine, and food;
i. education and culture;
j. tourism;
k. postal services, telecommunications, broadcasting, and electronic systems and transactions; and
l. labor.

(2) In order to improve the investment ecosystem and business activities in the sectors referred to in paragraph (1), Business Actors are granted investment and business licensing facilities in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation on the implementation of Risk-Based Business Licensing.

CHAPTER III
IMPLEMENTATION OF BUSINESS LICENSING

Division One
General

Article 19

(1) Every Business Actor shall have a Business Licensing.
(2) Every Business Actor shall not conduct business activities that are not in accordance with the Business Licensing.
(3) The Business Licensing as referred to in paragraph (1) is obtained through the implementation of Business Licensing services in the Region, which are carried out by Regional Apparatus that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing.
(4) Every Business Actor shall preserve the environment at the business location or in the vicinity of the business location.
(5) Every Business Actor shall comply with the provisions of laws and regulation in conducting their business activities.

Article 20

The implementation of Business Licensing as referred to in Article 19 paragraph (3) includes:
a. management of implementation;
b. integration of the PTSP;
c. infrastructure and facilities;
d. human resources; and
e. labor relations.

Division Two
Management of Implementation

Article 21

(1) Regional agencies that administer government affairs in the field of licensing shall carry out business licensing services in the region by implementing regional business licensing management.
(2) The management of business licensing in the region as referred to in paragraph (1) includes:
a. the implementation of services;

b. management of public complaints;
c. information management;
d. public outreach;
e. consultation services; and
f. legal assistance.

Subdivision 1
Implementation of Services

Article 22

(1) The implementation of business licensing services in the region as referred to in Article 21 paragraph (2) subparagraph a uses the OSS System.
(2) The OSS System services as referred to in paragraph (1) are carried out independently by Business Actors.
(3) The independent services as referred to in paragraph (2) are carried out using their own devices/facilities or those provided by Regional Agencies that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing.
(4) Local Government Agencies that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing shall provide special services for vulnerable groups, the elderly, and persons with disabilities to access the OSS System as referred to in paragraph (1).

Article 23

(1) Where the OSS System service cannot yet be carried out independently, the Local Government Agency responsible for licensing matters provides:
a. assisted services; and/or
b. mobile services.
(2) The assisted services referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a are provided where Business Actors are unable to carry out Business Licensing based on the OSS System independently due to technical disruptions.
(3) Where a technical disruption to the OSS System as referred to in paragraph (2), assisted services shall be available within a maximum of one (1) day from the time the technical disruption is declared.
(4) The declaration of technical disruptions to the OSS System services as referred to in paragraph (3) is communicated to the public by the head of the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing.
(5) The mobile service as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b is carried out by bringing the service closer to the Business Actor.

Article 24

(1) Technical disruptions as referred to in Article 23 paragraph (2) include force majeure that result in the inability to carry out Licensing services.
(2) Where the OSS System cannot function due to force majeure, licensing is carried out manually.
(3) Force majeure as referred to in paragraph (1) is determined by the Regent.

(4) The determination of force majeure as referred to in paragraph (2) is reported to the minister/head of the state agency that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing.

(5) Force majeure as referred to in paragraph (1) is determined where the OSS System cannot be used due to:
   a. natural disasters;
   b. non-natural disasters;
   c. social disasters;
   d. strikes;
   e. fire;
   f. other industrial disturbances as stated in a joint decision by the Minister of Finance and/or the relevant technical minister; and/or
   g. other force majeure circumstances in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

(6) Where force majeure as referred to in paragraph (2) subparagraph a, the issuance of Licensing issued manually has legal force in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

Article 25

(1) The assisted services referred to in Article 23 paragraph (1) subparagraph a shall also be provided if the OSS System services are not yet available.

(2) Where services as referred to in paragraph (1) are required, the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing shall coordinate with the OSS Institution to ensure that services continue to be provided.

(3) Where the OSS System service is not yet available as referred to in paragraph (1), assisted services are carried out in the following stages:
   a. Business actors may submit offline business licensing applications to Regional Apparatus officials who administer government affairs in the field of Licensing;
   b. Local Government officials administering government affairs in the field of Licensing connect the offline Licensing referred to in subparagraph a to the OSS System at the Local Government administering government affairs in the field of Licensing; and
   c. Approval or rejection of the issuance of a Business License document is communicated to the Business Actor through communication channels.

(4) Where the OSS System service is not yet available as referred to in paragraph (1), it shall be available within a maximum of seven (7) days.

Article 26

(1) For Business Actors in areas that do not yet have adequate accessibility, Business Licensing applications may be submitted at the sub-district office or village/sub-village office.

(2) In addition to submitting applications at the sub-district office or village/sub-village office as referred to in paragraph (1), Business Actors may submit Business

Licensing applications at mobile services organized by Regional Apparatus that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing.

(3) The Business License Application as referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) is registered in the OSS System by the sub-district or village/sub-village apparatus using the access rights held by the Business Actor no later than three(3) days after it is received from the Business Actor who grants the authority to apply for a Business License in the Region.

Article 27

(1) The provision of Business Licensing services by the Local Government Agency responsible for government affairs in the field of licensing as referred to in Article 19 paragraph (3) is free of charge.

(2) Certain Business Licensing at Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing is subject to Local levies in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

(3) Local Government Agencies that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing are not charged with local levy revenue targets as referred to in paragraph (2).

Subdivision 2
Management of Public Complaints

Article 28

(1) The management of public complaints as referred to in Article 21 paragraph (2) subparagraph b regarding:
   a. complaints to Business Actors and/or Local Governments in the implementation of Risk-Based Business Licensing;
   b. complaints regarding the implementation of Supervision and its follow-up; and
   c. complaints regarding obstacles and problems in the use of the OSS System.

(2) The complaints as referred to in paragraph (2) are made in the following cases:
   a. the implementation of Risk-Based Business Licensing;
   b. the implementation of business activities that do not comply with business activity standards and the provisions of laws and regulation;
   c. Supervisory activities that do not comply with the provisions of laws and regulation; or
   d. misuse of the OSS System that does not comply with the provisions of laws and regulation.

(3) The management of public complaints as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out through the OSS System in the following stages:
   a. receiving and providing a receipt;
   b. checking the completeness of documents;
   c. classifying and prioritizing resolution;
   d. reviewing and responding;
   e. administering;
   f. reporting results; and

g. monitoring and evaluating.

(4) The management of public complaints as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

Subdivision 3
Information Management

Article 29

(1) The management of information as referred to in Article 21 paragraph (2) subparagraph c is carried out openly, free of charge, and easily accessible to the public in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

(2) The management of information as referred to in paragraph (1) consists of:
   a. receiving requests for information services from all applicants for information services; and
   b. providing and disseminating information to the public.

(3) The provision and delivery of information to the public as referred to in paragraph (2) subparagraph b are carried out through the information service subsystem in the OSS System without Access Rights.

(4) Information without Access Rights as referred to in paragraph (3) shall at least contain:
   a. Risk-Based Business Licensing and Business Licensing to support business activities;
   b. spatial planning;
   c. investment requirements;
   d. obligations and/or requirements for Business Licensing, the duration for fulfilling obligations and/or requirements for Business Licensing, standards for the implementation of business activities and business support activities, and other provisions in the NSPK for all business sectors;
   e. guidelines and procedures for submitting NIB, Standard Certificates, and Permits;
   f. basic requirements including confirmation of the suitability of spatial utilization activities, approval of the suitability of spatial utilization activities, building permits, and certificates of operational suitability, environmental approvals, and approvals for the use/release of forest areas;
   g. provisions on investment facilities;
   h. Business Licensing Supervision and reporting obligations;
   i. simulation of Risk-Based Business Licensing services, OSS System user guide, OSS System glossary, and frequently asked questions (FAQ); and
   j. public complaint services.

(5) In addition to providing and disseminating the information referred to in paragraph (4), Regional Apparatus that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing shall provide and disseminate at least the following information:
   a. the institutional profile of technical Regional Apparatus;

b. business licensing service standards in the region; and
c. PTSP performance assessments.

Subdivision 4
Public Outreach

Article 30

(1). Public education as referred to in Article 21 paragraph (2) subparagraph d includes the provision of information regarding:
a. the rights and obligations of the Local Government and the community regarding Business Licensing services;
b. the benefits of Business Licensing for the community;
c. requirements and mechanisms for Business Licensing services;
d. time and place of service; and
e. the level of risk of business activities.

(2) The provision of information to the public as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out through:
a. electronic media;
b. print media; and/or
c. meetings.

(3) The outreach as referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) is carried out by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing in coordination with the technical Regional Apparatus.

Subdivision 5
Consultation Services
Article 31

(1) The consultation services as referred to in Article 21 paragraph (2) subparagraph e at least include:
a. technical consultation on the types of Business Licensing services;
b. consultation on the legal aspects of Business Licensing; and
c. technical assistance.

(2) The consultation services referred to in paragraph (1) are carried out:
a. in the consultation room provided;
b. online; and/or
c. through telecommunication channels.

(3) The consultation services as referred to in paragraph (1) are carried out by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing in coordination with the technical Regional Apparatus in an interactive manner.

Subdivision 6
Legal Assistance

Article 32

(1) Legal assistance as referred to in Article 21 paragraph (2) subparagraph f is provided where legal issues arising in the

process and implementation of Licensing involving Regional Apparatus administering government affairs in the field of Licensing.

(2) Legal assistance as referred to in paragraph (1) is provided by the Regional Apparatus or work unit that administers government affairs in the field of law.

Division Three
Integration of PTSP

Article 33

(1). Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing shall integrate PTSP in the Region.

(2). The integration of PTSP as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by involving:
   a. technical Regional Apparatus; and/or
   b. vertical agencies in the Region in accordance with their authority.

(3) Further provisions regarding the integration of PTSP as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated in a Regent Regulation.

Division Four
Infrastructure and Facilities

Article 34

(1) Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing provide infrastructure and facilities in accordance with service standards.

(2) The infrastructure and facilities as referred to in paragraph (1) , at a minimum, consist of:
   a. internet connection;
   b. data centers and application servers;
   c. a system supporting the implementation of the OSS System;
   d. information and communication technology security systems;
   e. mobile service vehicles;
   f. computer equipment;
   g. consultation rooms; and
   h. support services for vulnerable groups, the elderly, and persons with disabilities.

(3) Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of licensing may develop facilities and infrastructure for the OSS implementation support system in accordance with the NSPK established by the central government.

Division Five
Human Resources

Article 35

(1). Human resources for the implementation of Business Licensing are carried out by ASN.

(2) ASN as referred to in paragraph (1) who are assigned to Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing are provided proportionally to support the tasks and functions of Licensing services.
(3) ASN who fail to provide business licensing services as stipulated in this Regional Regulation are subject to sanctions in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

Article 36

(1) Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing may involve ASN in villages/sub-villages to improve the quality, scope, and access of Business Licensing services to the wider community.
(2) Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing as referred to in paragraph (1) conduct dissemination or technical guidance for ASN in villages/sub-villages.

Division Six
Work Relations

Article 37

(1) The working relationship between Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing and technical Regional Apparatuses is carried out in a functional and coordinated manner.
(2) The functional and coordinated working relationship as referred to in paragraph (1) takes the form of the implementation of Business Licensing in accordance with the respective authorities, including the following activities:
    a. verification of Business Licensing;
    b. monitoring and evaluation in the context of Business Licensing Supervision;
    c. facilitation of the resolution of Business Licensing issues;
    d. synergy of Business Licensing programs and activities; and
    e. provision of support for Business Licensing in villages and sub-villages.

CHAPTER IV
RISK-BASED BUSINESS LICENSING CONTROL

Division One
General

Article 38

(1) Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of licensing implement risk-based business licensing controls on business actors.
(2) Risk-based business licensing control as referred to in paragraph (1) includes:

a. Supervision;
b. guidance;
c. community and Business Actor participation;
d. facilitation in Supervision; and
e. resolution of problems and obstacles in Risk-Based Business Licensing.

(3) The implementation of Risk-Based Business Licensing control as referred to in paragraph (1) is based on the OSS System.

Division Two
Supervision

Article 39

(1) The Regent, through the Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing, conducts Supervision of the Implementation of Business Licensing in the Region.
(2) The Supervision as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out in an integrated and coordinated manner with sectoral supervision.
(3) The supervision referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by taking into account the level of compliance of Business Actors.

Article 40

The supervision referred to in Article 39 consists of:
a. Routine Supervision; and
b. Incidental Supervision.

Article 41

(1) Routine Supervision as referred to in Article 40 subparagraph a is carried out through:
a. Business A ctor reports; and
b. field inspections.
(2) Business Actors prepare Business Actor reports as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a, which contain the Business Actors' compliance with:
a. business implementation standards; and
b. business activity developments.
(3) Field inspections as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b are conducted in the form of:
a. physical visits; or
b. virtual means.

Article 42

(1) Incidental Supervision as referred to in Article 40 subparagraph b is carried out based on complaints from the public and/or Business Actors.
(2) Incidental Supervision is carried out through:
a. field inspections; or
b. virtual means.

Article 43

(1) Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of licensing assess the results of Supervision based on indicators in supervision.

(2) The indicators in the Supervision as referred to in paragraph (1) include:
   a. spatial planning and building standards;
   b. health, safety, and/or environmental standards;
   c. business activity implementation standards;
   d. requirements and obligations stipulated by NSPK based on the provisions of laws and regulation; and/or
   e. obligations regarding the submission of reports and/or the utilization of Investment incentives and facilities.

Division Three
Guidance

Article 44

(1) The Regent, through the head of the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing, shall provide guidance to Business Actors based on the results of Supervision through the OSS System.
(2) The guidance as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out through assistance and counseling on issues faced by Business Actors, including:
   a. provision of explanations;
   b. consultation;
   c. technical guidance; and/or
   d. facilitation activities for resolution by the Local Government.
(3) The provisions regarding guidance as referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) are based on the provisions of laws and regulation.

Article 45

As a follow-up to the assistance referred to in Article 32 paragraph (1), Regional Apparatuses that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing may carry out:
a. providing guidance;
b. dissemination; and
c. technical guidance.

Division Four
Community and Business Participation

Article 46

(1) The Community and Business Actors may participate in Supervision.
(2) Community participation as referred to in paragraph (1) includes:
   a. monitoring the implementation of business activities; and
   b. submitting public complaints.
(3) The participation of Business Actors as referred to in paragraph (1) takes the form of complaints against Supervision implementers who do not carry out Supervision in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation.

Division Five

Facilitation of Supervision

Article 47

(1) The Supervision provisions as referred to in Articles 39 to 43 are exempted for MSME actors.
(2) The exemption as referred to in paragraph (1) is a concession in Supervision.

Article 48

(1) The facilitation in Supervision as referred to in Article 47 paragraph (2) consists of:
    a. reports on investment activities; and
    b. Routine Supervision of Business Licensing conducted through guidance, assistance, or counseling related to business activities.
(2) The activity report as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a is not required for MSME actors.
(3) The activity report as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph a is reported every six (6) months in one (1) year of reporting for small Business Actors.
(4) Where an MSME Entrepreneur is deemed non-compliant based on the results of routine supervision as referred to in paragraph (1) subparagraph b, the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing fails to conduct field inspections.

Article 49

(1) The Head of the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing resolves problems and obstacles in the Implementation of Business Licensing in the Region.
(2) The resolution of problems and obstacles in the implementation of Business Licensing in the Region as referred to in paragraph (1) includes:
    a. assistance;
    b. coordination; and/or
    c. consultation.

Article 50

Further provisions regarding the implementation of Risk-Based Business Licensing as referred to in Article 38 paragraph (2) are regulated in the Regent Regulation.

CHAPTER V
COORDINATION

Article 51

(1) In the implementation of Business Licensing, Regional Apparatus that administer government affairs in the field of Licensing may carry out coordination.
(2) The coordination of Business Licensing as referred to in paragraph (1) relates to:
    a. the type, form, and value of Investment;
    b. the implementation of NSPK;
    c. national and/or provincial strategic policies;
    d. environmental impact;

e. spatial planning impacts;
f. cross-district impacts; and/or
g. finance and technology.

(3) The coordination as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out with:
a. ministries/state institutions that administer government affairs in the field of investment;
b. provincial governments;
c. regency/municipal governments; and
d. relevant Regional Apparatus.

(4) The coordination as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out through:
a. coordination meetings;
b. field visits; and/or
c. other forms and means of coordination.

(5) The coordination referred to in paragraph (1) may be carried out on a routine or incidental basis.

CHAPTER VI
REGIONAL LICENSING COORDINATION FORUM

Article 52

(1) The Regent establishes a Licensing Coordination Forum.

(2) The Licensing Coordination Forum as referred to in paragraph (1) consists of:
a. Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing;
b. Head of Technical Regional Apparatus; and
c. Business Actors.

(3) The duties of the Licensing Coordination Forum as referred to in paragraph (1) include:
a. increasing the registration of Risk-Based Business Licensing in the Region;
b. providing understanding to Business Actors or groups of Business Actors regarding Risk-Based Business Licensing in the Region; and
c. improving coordination and communication among stakeholders of Risk-Based Business Licensing in the Region.

Article 53

(1) The Licensing Coordination Forum as referred to in Article 52 is assisted by the secretariat of the Licensing Coordination Forum.

(2) The secretariat of the Licensing Coordination Forum as referred to in paragraph (1) has the following duties:
a. carrying out administrative management of the secretariat; and
b. facilitating the implementation of the tasks of the Licensing Coordination Forum.

Article 54

The establishment of the Licensing Coordination Forum and the secretariat of the Licensing Coordination Forum as referred to in Article 52 and Article 53 is determined by a Regent Decision.

CHAPTER VII
REPORTING

Article 55

(1) The Regent submits a written report on the Implementation of Business Licensing in the Region to the governor every three (3) months.
(2) The report as referred to in paragraph (1) is prepared by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of Licensing.
(3) The report as referred to in paragraph (2)at least contains:
    a. the number of licenses issued;
    b. investment plans and realizations; and
    c. challenges and solutions.

Article 56

(1) The report as referred to in Article 55 paragraph (2) is prepared through the following stages:
    a. planning;
    b. data inventory;
    c. performance evaluation;
    d. report preparation; and
    e. submission to the Regent.
(2) Further provisions regarding the preparation of reports as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated in the Regent Regulation.

CHAPTER VIII
FUNDING

Article 57

The funding for the Implementation of Business Licensing in the Region as regulated in this Regional Regulation is borne by the Local budget and other legitimate and non-binding sources in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulation, taking into account the fiscal capacity of the Region.

CHAPTER IX
ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS

Article 58

(1) Any Business Actor who violates the provisions referred to in Article 19 paragraphs (1), (2), (4), and (5) shall be subject to administrative sanctions.
(2) The administrative sanctions referred to in paragraph (1) are:
    a. verbal warning;
    b. written warning;
    c. temporary suspension of business activities;
    d. revocation of license; and/or
    e. administrative fines.
(3) The administrative fines referred to in paragraph (2) subparagraph e are regional revenue.
(4) Further provisions regarding the procedures and mechanisms for the application of administrative sanctions are regulated in the Regent Regulation.

CHAPTER X
TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Article 59

Upon the entry into force of this Regional Regulation:

a. Regional policies regarding Business Licensing that were established prior to the enactment of this Regional Regulation shall remain in effect as long as they do not conflict with this Regional Regulation;
b. Business Licenses that have been issued prior to the entry into force of this Regional Regulation shall remain valid until their expiration date; and
c. Business Licenses that are still in the process of being issued prior to the entry into force of this Regional Regulation shall be processed in accordance with the provisions of this Regional Regulation.

CHAPTER XI
CLOSING PROVISIONS

Article 60

This Regional Regulation shall enter into force on the date of its promulgation.

In order to make this Regional Regulation known to the public, it is hereby ordered that it be promulgated by its publication in the Regional Gazette of the Regency of South Hulu Sungai.

Issued in Kandangan
On 14 April 2025

REGENT OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI,

signed

SYAFRUDIN NOOR

Promulgated in Kandangan
On 14 April 2025

REGIONAL SECRETARY OF
THE REGENCY OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI,

signed

MUHAMMAD NOOR

REGIONAL GAZETTE OF THE REGENCY OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI YEAR 2025
NUMBER 1

Prepared and issued as an official translation

Jakarta, 21 April 2026
DIRECTOR GENERAL OF LEGISLATION
FOR THE MINISTER OF LAW OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

DIREKTUR JENDERAL PERATURAN PERUNDANG-UNDANGAN KEMENTERIAN HUKUM

DHAHANA PUTRA

Official Translation Notice:
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ELUCIDATION
OF
REGULATION OF THE REGENCY OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI
NUMBER 1 OF 2025
ON
THE ADMINISTRATION OF BUSINESS LICENSING IN THE REGION

I. GENERAL

Law Number 23 of 2014 on Local Governments as amended several times, most recently by Law Number 6 of 2023 on the Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation to Become Law, has confirmed the authority to implement integrated one-stop licensing and non-licensing in the field of investment and integrated one-stop services, which is the authority of the Local Government. This authority is part of the government's affairs in the field of investment and integrated one-stop services. With the issuance of Law Number 6 of 2023 on the Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation tto Become Law, new regulations have been established that business licensing be carried out with:

a. risk-based;
b. NSPK established by the central government and in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations;
c. using an electronic business licensing system managed by the central government; and
d. providing opportunities for local governments to develop support systems for the implementation of the OSS System in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Government Regulation Number 6 of 2021 on the Administration of Business Licensing in Region, as a implementing regulations of Law Number 6 of 2023 on the Enactment of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 on Job Creation tto Become Law, forms the basis for the Implementation of Business Licensing in the Regions. The Government Regulation stipulates that the Regent issues a Regional Regulation for the Administration of Business Licensing in the Region. In addition, the Administration of business licensing in the regions is carried out by Regional Apparatus that administer government affairs in the field of investment and integrated one-stop services. The Administration of Business Licensing in the Region is also inseparable from the existence of Government Regulation Number 5 of 2021 on the Administration of Risk-Based Business Licensing, which provides the basis for risk-based business administration.

Business Licensing Services in the Regions carried out by Regional Apparatus administering government affairs in the field of licensing are required to use the OSS System managed by the Central Government, and provide opportunities for Local Government to develop support systems for the implementation of the OSS System in accordance with the NSPK established by the Central Government. Regional Apparatus that administer government affairs in the field of licensing are expected to be able to carry out Business Licensing

management in a fast, easy, integrated, transparent, efficient, effective, and accountable manner in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations on the Administration of Business Licensing in the Region.

In an effort to simplify regulations, particularly those related to investment and ease of business licensing in the Region, and to encourage an improved economic climate in the Region, there is a need for comprehensive and implementable regulations in the form of Regional Regulations, in line with the dynamics of legal developments and community needs, which accommodates new provisions related to business licensing in the Region that includes the authority to administer business licensing in the Region, the implementation of Business Licensing, risk-based business licensing control, reporting, and funding.

II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

Article 1

Self-explanatory.

Article 2

Subparagraph a

The term equal rights means the principle underlying justice and equality for all individuals, regardless of their background, status, or socioeconomic circumstances.

Subparagraph b

The term transparency means a state of being real, clear, transparent, open, and not limited to certain individuals.

Subparagraphc

The term accountability means being responsible or trustworthy.

Subparagraph d

The term legal certainty means the legal principle that guarantees that laws are clearly and explicitly written, and that they guarantee the rights and obligations of citizens.

Subparagraph e

The term effectiveness means the ability to achieve desired goals or results, while efficiency refers to the ability to achieve desired goals or results without wasting resources such as time, energy, or money.

Subparagraph f

The term independence means the ability of a person to manage themselves, not depend on others, and be responsible for their actions.

Article 3

Subparagraph a

The term Government responsibility can be defined as the obligation to bear limited responsibility in the use of power and to exercise authority to regulate the social, economic, and political life of a country.

Subparagraph b

The term facilitation means something that can simplify and expedite efforts. In order to implement a plan, its difficulties must be considered. Precision refers to accuracy, exactness, economy, or caution, and accuracy refers to the ability to direct movement toward a target in accordance with its purpose.

Subparagraph c

The term open access to information means the government's obligation to provide easy and sufficient access to the public to obtain the necessary information.

Subparagraph d

The term certainty means a state of feeling confident or having no doubts about something.

Subparagraph e

The term sustainability means something that is continuous and on going.

Subparagraph f

The term transparency means a state that is clear, evident, and open.

Subparagraph g

The participation means involvement in an activity or involvement or participation.

Subparagraph h

The accountability means the obligation to provide accountability for performance and actions to the authorities.

Article 4

Self-explanatory.

Article 5

Self-explanatory.

Article 6

Self-explanatory.

Article 7

Self-explanatory.

Article 8

Paragraph (1)

Self-explanatory.

Paragraph (2)

Self-explanatory.

Paragraph (3)

The term "non-licensing" means the provision of documents or legal evidence of the validity of something to a person or group of people in the form of convenient services and information in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Paragraph (4)

Self-explanatory.

Article 9

Self-explanatory.

Article 10

Self-explanatory.

Article 11

Self-explanatory.

Article 12

Self-explanatory.

Article 13

Self-explanatory.

Article 14

Self-explanatory.

Article 15
Self-explanatory.

Article 16
Self-explanatory.

Article 17
Self-explanatory.

Article 18
Self-explanatory.

Article 19
Self-explanatory.

Article 20
Self-explanatory.

Article 21
Self-explanatory.

Article 22
Self-explanatory.

Article 23
Paragraph (1)
Subparagraph a
The term "assisted service" means services or assistance provided by Regional Apparatus that administer government affairs in the field of licensing to Business Actors in the matter of licensing.
Subparagraph b
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (2)
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (3)
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (4)
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (5)
Self-explanatory.

Article 24
Self-explanatory.

Article 25
Self-explanatory.

Article 26
Self-explanatory.

Article 27
Self-explanatory.

Article 28
Self-explanatory.

Article 29
Self-explanatory.

Article 30
Self-explanatory.

Article 31
Self-explanatory.

Article 32
Self-explanatory.

Article 33
Self-explanatory.

Article 34
Self-explanatory.

Article 35
Self-explanatory.

Article 36
Self-explanatory.

Article 37
Self-explanatory.

Article 38
Self-explanatory.

Article 39
Self-explanatory.

Article 40
Self-explanatory.

Article 41
Self-explanatory.

Article 42
Self-explanatory.

Article 43
Self-explanatory.

Article 44
Paragraph (1)
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (2)
The term "assistance" means actions taken to help Business Actors who encounter difficulties in the registration process and in fulfilling the requirements of the OSS System.
Paragraph (3)
Self-explanatory.

Article 45
Self-explanatory.

Article 46
Self-explanatory.

Article 47
Self-explanatory.

Article 48
Self-explanatory.

Article 49
Self-explanatory.

Article 50
Self-explanatory.

Article 51
Self-explanatory.

Article 52
Self-explanatory.

Article 53
Self-explanatory.

Article 54
Self-explanatory.

Article 55
Self-explanatory.

Article 56
Self-explanatory.

Article 57
Self-explanatory.

Article 58
Paragraph (1)
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (2)
Subparagraph a
The term "verbal warning" means a verbal warning issued by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of licensing with the aim of ensuring that Business Actors have a License.
Subparagraph b
The term "written warning" means a written warning issued by the Regional Apparatus that administers government affairs in the field of licensing with the aim of ensuring that Business Actors have a License.
Subparagraph c
Self-explanatory.

Subparagraph d
Self-explanatory.
Subparagraph e
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (3)
Self-explanatory.
Paragraph (4)
Self-explanatory.

Article 59
Self-explanatory.

Article 60
Self-explanatory.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE REGIONAL GAZETTE OF THE REGENCY OF SOUTH HULU SUNGAI NUMBER 1